For Research Use Only. Not For Use In Diagnostic Procedures

Version 2.0

# II型胶原酶

# Collagenase, Type II, powder

Catalog Number: MG1242

CAS: 9001-12-1

Packaging Size: 100mg □ 1g □

Technical literature is available at: www.mesgenbio.com.

E-mail MesGen Technical Services if you have questions on use of

this system: tech@mesgenbio.com

#### 产品描述

II型胶原酶是从溶组织梭菌制备,用于细胞和组织的解离。胶原酶 是一种蛋白酶,它能够特异性的结合 Pro-X-Glyc-Pro序列中,中 性氨基酸 (X) 和甘氨酸之间的肽键。该序列高频率的存在于胶原 中。胶原酶是唯一的一种可以降解广泛存在于结缔组织中的具有三 股螺旋的天然胶原纤维的蛋白酶。II型胶原酶可应用于如下组织制 备细胞: 肝、骨、甲状腺、心脏、唾液腺。

#### **Description**

MesGen Biotech of collagenase products are purified from Clostridium histolyticum. They are intended for cell and tissue disaggregation. Collagenase is a protease with specificity for the bond between a neutral amino acid (X) and glycine in the sequence Pro-XGly-Pro. This sequence is found in high frequency in collagen. Collagenase is unique among proteases in its ability to degrade the triplehelical native collagen fibrils commonly found in connective tissue. The collagenase most commonly used for tissue dissociation is a crude preparation containing clostripiopeptidase A and a number of other proteases, polysaccharidases, and lipases. This crude preparation is ideally suited for tissue dissociation because it contains the enzyme required to attack native collagen and reticular fibers, in addition the enzymes which hydrolyze the other proteins, polysaccharides, and lipids in the extracellular matrix of connective and epithelial tissues. Crude collagenase does exhibit lot-to-lot variability and may produce occasional toxicity. The activity of these crude collagenase preparations has been correlated with their effectiveness at dissociating specific tissue types leading to the classification of crude collagenase

#### Store at -20° C Do not eat

preparations by type. These selected types have been found to give better performance in preparation of cells from the various tissues.

# **Reconstitute Collagenase**

- 1. Add 1 mL Hank's Balanced Salt Solution (HBSS) with calcium and magnesium directly to 1 g vial of Collagenase. Vortex gently to ensure complete dissolution.
- 2. Transfer to a clean tube.
- 3. Determine volume of HBSS with calcium and magnesium required to bring collagenase solution to 100 U/µL (1000X stock solution). Rinse vial with this volume of HBSS with calcium and magnesium, and combine.
- 4. Filter sterilize 1000X stock solution with a low protein binding filtration unit. Use immediately or proceed to step 5.
- 5. Dispense into aliquots and store at -20°C to -5°C protected from light.
- 6. Thaw on ice prior to use. Avoid multiple freeze/thaw cycles. We recommend using collagenase at 50-200 U/mL concentration (or 0.1-0.5% W/V).

#### **Dissociate Tissue**

- 1. Mince tissue into 3-4 mm pieces with a sterile scalpel or scissors.
- 2. Wash the tissue pieces several times with HBSS containing calcium and magnesium.
- 3. Add sufficient HBSS with calcium and magnesium to submerge tissue. Add collagenase to 50-200 U/mL.
- 4. Incubate at 37°C for 4-18 hours. Increased efficiency is obtained using a rocker platform and supplementing the digest with 3 mM CaCl<sub>2</sub>.
- 5. Disperse cells by passing through a sterile stainless steel or nylon mesh. Remaining tissue fragments may be disaggregated by addition to fresh collagenase solution and further incubation at 37°C.
- 6. Wash dispersed cells several times by centrifugation in HBSS w/o collagenase.
- 7. Resuspend cell pellet, after the final wash step, in culture

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medium.

8. Seed cells into culture vessels containing appropriate media.

# **Organ Perfusion**

- 1. Add collagenase to prewarmed (37°C) HBSS with calcium and magnesium. Addition of 3 mM CaCl2 increases the efficiency of dissociation.
- 2. Perfuse organ at preoptimized rate for the particular organ.
- 3. Dispersed cells and tissue fragments are separated from larger pieces by passing the perfusate through a sterile stainless steel or nylon mesh. Remaining tissue fragments may be disaggregated by addition to fresh collagenase solution and further incubation at 37°C.
- 4. Wash dispersed cells several times by centrifugation in HBSS w/o collagenase.
- 5. Resuspend cell pellet, after the final wash step, in culture
- 6. Seed cells into culture vessels containing appropriate media.

### **Unit Definition**

One protease unit liberates 1 µmol of L-leucine equivalents from collagen in 5 hours at 37°C, pH 7.5.

# Storage condition

**-20°**C

# 产品仅供科学研究 禁止用于临床诊断

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